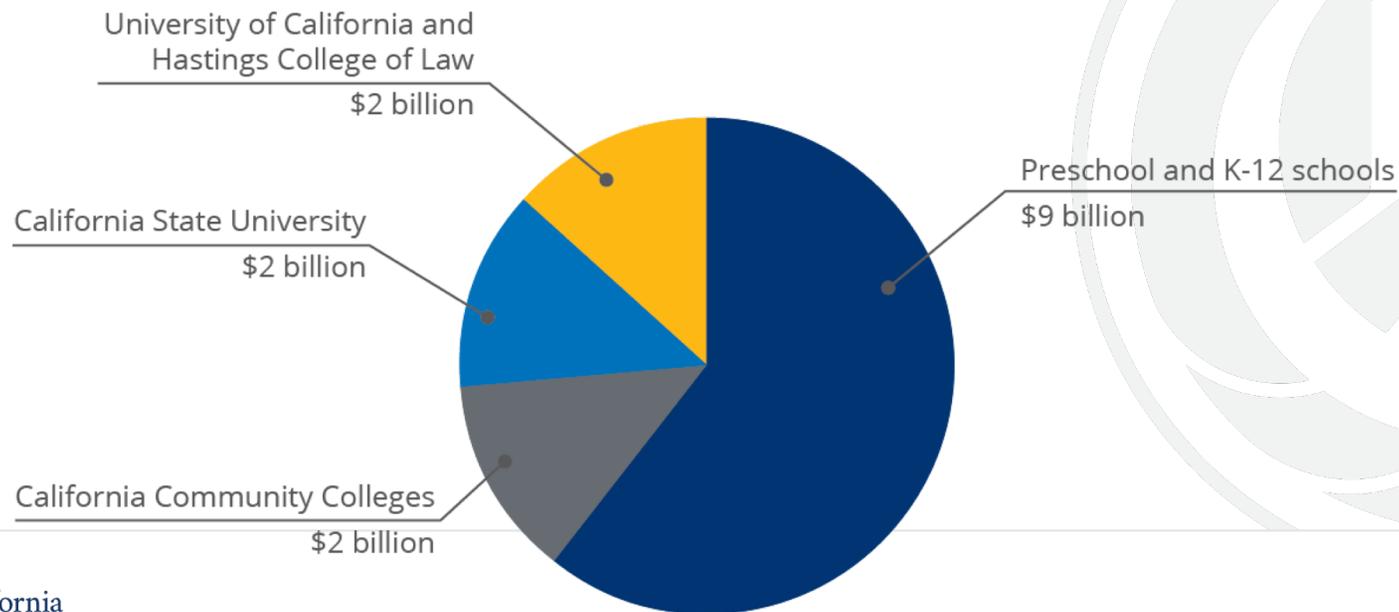


California Proposition 13 School and College Facilities Bond



What is Proposition 13?

- An education facilities bond on the March 3, 2020 ballot
- Authorizes a \$15 billion bond for education, distributed as follows:



How the Funds will be Used:



- To support campuses in addressing deficiencies in older buildings and provide safe, reliable and modern classrooms
- Projects that address fire and safety issues, seismic deficiencies and improve safety for students and staff would receive the highest priority
- Construction of new facilities and renovation and reconstruction of current facilities

Impact on Community College Students:

- Ensure reliable technology, power, heat, and air conditioning
- Modernize facilities to meet current instructional delivery and programmatic requirements, allowing students to be more workforce-ready when they graduate
- Grow classroom space to serve more students

Impact on Community College Campuses:

- California community colleges collectively have \$29 billion in facilities needs identified for the next five years



More than 62% of California Community Colleges permanent facilities are 25 years or older, and in dire need of renovation and/or modernization

- Absent a bond, financing of our facility needs come from California community college operating funds and local bond funds, in direct competition for the resources needed to educate students

History of State General Obligation Bond Funds for Community Colleges:

- \$745.8 million in Proposition 47 (2002)
- \$920 million in Proposition 55 (2004)
- \$1.5 billion in Proposition 1D (2006)
- \$2 billion in Proposition 51 (2016)

California Community Colleges has requested state funding annually but this method cannot fully address growing deferred maintenance needs



California community colleges is the largest system of higher education in the country.

Serving more than **2.1 Million** students.



115 California community college campuses and **78** centers are located in nearly every community in the state.



California community colleges serve more than **70%** of California's public postsecondary undergraduate students.

1 in every **4** Californians age 18-24 are enrolled in a **California community college**.



California community colleges is the largest provider of workforce training in the nation.



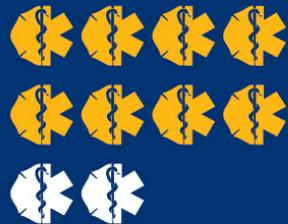
1 in every **4** community college students in the nation attend a **California community college**



7 in **10** of California's nurses receive their training at a **California community college**



29% of University of California
51% of California State University graduates started at a community college



8 in **10** of California's police officers, firefighters, and EMTs are trained at a **California community college**

Potential Benefits of Proposition 13



- California's unemployment rate is greater than the national unemployment rate
- Each \$1 billion in school facility infrastructure investments creates 17,000 middle class jobs, including almost all building trades
- Quality community college facilities enhance the education and training of a skilled 21st Century workforce, in furtherance of the State's academic and economic goals
- Proposition 13 will not raise State taxes, and state matching funds reduce the need for additional local property taxes for college facilities

California Community Colleges in Your Local Community

Campus fills in with information regarding economic impact of the campus/community partnerships

Campus fills in with information on an example of what could be funded with this bond money – a new/improved building, essential infrastructure repairs, etc.

More about Proposition 13:

Analysis

- Legislative Analyst's Office
(<https://lao.ca.gov/BallotAnalysis/Propositions>)

Official Ballot arguments

- California Secretary of State
(<https://vig.cdn.sos.ca.gov/2020/primary/pdf/prop13-arg-rebuttals.pdf>)

